

Sample Student Learning Card

Read the following verses and answer the questions:

טו וַיֹּאמֶר מָלֶךְ מִצְרַיִם לַמְיַלְדֹת הָעִבְרִיֹת אֲשֶׁר שֵׁם הָאַחַת שִׁפְּרָה וְשֵׁם הַשֵּׁנִית פּוּעָה. טו וַיֹּאמֶר בְּיָלֶדְכָן אֶת-הָעְבְרִיוֹת וּרְאיתָן עַל-הָאָבְנָים אִם-בֵּן הוּא וַהַמִתֶּן אֹתוֹ וְאָם-בַּת הָוּא וָחָיָה. יו וַמִּירֶאוּ הַמְיַלְדֹת אֶת-הָאֱ-לֹהִים וְלֹא עָשׁוּ כַּאֲשֶׁר דְּבֶר אֲלֵיהֶן מֶלֶךְ מִצְרָים וַתְּחַיֶּיוּ אֶת-הַיְלְדִים. יוּח וַיִּקְרָא מֶלֶךְ-מִצְרַיִם לַמְיַלְדֹת וַיֹּאמֶר לָהָן מַדְוּעַ שָׁשִׁיתן הַדְּבָר הָאֶה וּמְחַיָּיוּ אֶת-הַיְלָדִים. וַתְחַיֶּיוּ אֶת-הַיְלְדִים. יוּח וַיִּקְרָא מֶלֶךְ-מִצְרַיִם לַמְיַלְדֹת וַיֹּאמֶר לָהָן מִדּוּעַ שִׁשִׁיתו הַהַיּרָשָׁת-פִּילָא כַנָּשִׁים הַמִּצְרִיֹת הָעִבְרִיֹּת כִי-חָיוֹת הַנָּה בְּשֶׁרָם מְבוּא אֲלֵהֶן הַמְיֵלֶדו עַרַשַּרַיּה הַיָּרָא כַנָּשִׁים הַמַיַּרְיֹת הָעִבְרִיּת כָּיבָרָית הַעָרָרִיּת הַאָבָרִיּה בַּישָׁר הַמָיַרָר וַמַיַּשְׁרָים מָרָאַר בַיָּרָית הַיּיָרָדָים. לַא כַנָּשִׁים הַמִצְרִיּת הַעִבְרִיּת כָי-חָיוֹת הַנָּה בְּשָׁרָם מָבוּא אֲלֵהֶן הַמְיַלָדָת עָבּישְׁרָים מָיבָּרָשוֹ בַיּאַרָיה בָּירָרָאָרָר הַאַרָרָית הַיַיָּרָרָת הַעִרָּרָא מָשָׁר הַמָיַרָּת הַמָיַרָּ וַשָּעַישָּעָרוּ הַנָּים אָם הַיּין הַימִים הַיּעָרָים גָינִים הַים הַיּרָית הַעַיּרָה מָבָירִים בּבָּרָים הַיַהַמָּתוּ הַמָים הַשָּבָרוּ הַמְיַנָּדָה גַין בּיָרָריּה הַמָירִים הַיעָרָדָע הַים אָּל-פַּרְעֹה כָּאַשְׁים הַיַיּרָאַים הַ הַעָּרָית הַיָים בָּיבוּים הַמָירָרָים הַיים הַיוּים בַיּקרים הַיָּרָים בַייָרוּים הַיַירוּה מָינים הַיוּים בָּים מָשִים מָים הַיּיָר הַי הַשָּעָיקוּים הַיּשָּיר הָאַים הַייַין הַיין הַיים הַיוּים הַיַין הַיָּים הַייָּבָריּת הָייָים בַיּיָרָים הַי הַעָּעָרָה הַיַיּרָים בַיּים הַיַיריּת אָרָירִים אָעָים הַשִים הַמּיוּין הַיים בָיים בּיין הַימִים בּיָה הַיָּעָיר הָים בָיעָדָעָן הַיי הַיעָירָים הַיּים הָעָרָים בּייןנִים הַיים הַיּהוּים הַמָּרָיה הַיבּים הַיבּים בָירוּ הַיָיה בָיים הַירָיה הַיָי הַירָים בָּישָּרָיה הַיין הַייָים הַיים בָּירָים בָירָין הָיים בַירָים בָּיָים בַייָין הָייָים בָיין בָירִים בּיי הַיקָרָים בָרָרָים בַיּירוּים בָּייָרָים הַיין בָייָרָי הַיייין בָייים בָיים בָּירָים בָיין הַירָיה הָירָיים בָייָין הַים בָי

15 The king of Egypt spoke to the Hebrew midwives, one of whom was named Shiphrah and the other Puah,
16 saying, "When you deliver the Hebrew women, look at the birthstool: if it is a boy, kill him; if it is a girl, let her live." 17 The midwives, fearing God, did not do as the king of Egypt had told them; they let the boys live.
18 So the king of Egypt summoned the midwives and said to them, "Why have you done this thing, letting the boys live?" 19 The midwives said to Pharaoh, "Because the Hebrew women are not like the Egyptian women: they are vigorous. Before the midwife can come to them, they have given birth." 20 And God dealt well with the midwives; and the people multiplied and increased greatly. 21 And [God] established households* for the midwives, because they feared God. 22 Then Pharaoh charged all his people, saying, "Every boy that is born you shall throw into the Nile, but let every girl live."

What challenges did the midwives face?

1. What different options did the midwives have?

2. What choice did the midwives make?

3. In your opinion, what character traits, strengths and values did the midwives demonstrate through their choices?

4. Given an opportunity, what would you want to say or ask these characters?

Challenge Question

Quote the verse, or part of the verse, that most clearly displays the choice made by these characters.



Look at the picture and think about the following questions:

- Which characters appear in the painting? What is each character doing?
- What emotions does each character display? How is this reflected through the painting? (Focus on the facial expressions, body language, colors, position of the characters, etc.)
- The painting depicts Pharoah's decree that was given to the midwives-"Every son that is born, throw him into the Nile"
- How does the painting contribute to our understanding of the actions of the midwives seen in verses 17-21?
- In your opinion, are the actions of the midwives described in these verses accurately reflected in the painting? Explain how.
- Why do you think this painting was included in a Passover Haggadah?



Painting from Barcelona Passover Haggadah (1320)

Read the information below about the situation of the Jews in Spain in the 1400s.

In the 12th century, the Jewish people in Spain suffered under the rule of the Muslim Almohad Caliphate, which persecuted them, and from the process of reconquest (Reconquista) of Spain by the Christians. The Jews managed to live relatively peacefully under the Christians for a while, but in the 13th century, blood libels began against the Jews and decrees were passed against Jews and Judaism. With the end of the Reconquista in 1492, a royal decree was issued by Fernando II and Isabella, King and Queen of Spain, that every Jew in Spain must leave the kingdom or convert to Christianity. Jews who only pretended to convert (in order to avoid expulsion from the land) were tortured during the Spanish Inquisition (established in 1478). If they were found to have continued to practice Judaism they were put to death.

1 Think

What message is passed down to later generations when they see this painting in the Haggadah?

